

Multimastic SP

Firestop Mastic

European
Technical Assessment
ETA 23/0060



Technical Data Sheet

MULCOL
INTERNATIONAL

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**Pragmatic, effective
and applicable
solutions**



Multimastic SP

Firestop Mortar



Fire resistance
≤ 240 minutes



Acoustic insulation
Rw 54 dB



Working life
25 years

Firestop Mastic

Multimastic SP is an acrylic-based firestop mastic for the fire-resistant sealing of openings around cable trays, pipe and cable penetrations and for glueing Multimastic FB1/FB2 firestop boards (together). Multimastic SP expands light when exposed to heat and creates a fire-resistant and smoke-proof seal to adjacent rooms.

Multimastic SP forms part of the Mulcol® Penetration Seal System. Multimastic SP can also be used in combination with the Multimastic C firestop coating.

Advantages

- ✓ Fire resistance ≤ 240 minuten
- ✓ CE-certified
- ✓ Very high acoustic insulation
- ✓ Environmentally and user-friendly
- ✓ No primer needed for use on most surfaces
- ✓ Dries fast & recoatable
- ✓ Use i.c.w. Multimastic C

Application

- ✓ Rigid walls and floors
- ✓ Flexible walls
- ✓ Firestop boards
- ✓ Metal pipes with and without insulation
- ✓ Cable trays, cable ladders, electric cables and cable bundles
- ✓ Aluminium composite pipes with and without insulation
- ✓ Plastic pipes

Packaging

| | Contents | Box | Pallet | Pallet | Article number |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|------------|-------------|----------------|
| Cartridge | 310 ml | 12 pieces | 128 boxes | 1536 pieces | 203012310 |
| Bucket | 6 kilos | - | 80 buckets | 480 kilos | 203001006 |
| Multimastic SP Bucket | 12,5 | - | 40 buckets | 500 kilos | 203001125 |

1. Technical Data

| | |
|--|---|
| Product: | EAN-code |
| Multimastic SP cartridge - 310 ml | 8719324470087 |
| Multimastic SP bucket - 6 kg | 8719324470445 |
| Multimastic SP bucket - 12.5 kg | 8719324470650 |
| Condition | Ready for use on acrylic base |
| Colour | White |
| Colour code | RAL 9002 / NCS S1002-Y |
| Shelf life | 18 months in unopened packaging at a temperature between +5°C and +30°C |
| Transportation storage temp. | +5 °C to +30 °C |
| Application temperature | +5 °C to +30 °C |
| Temperature resistance | -20 °C to +70 °C |
| Film formation | After max. 25 minutes |
| Non- adhesive | After max. 75 minutes |
| Fully cured | 3 to 5 days, depending on the thickness and the temperature |
| Specific weight | 1.56 - 1.60 g/cm ³ |
| Electrical conductivity | None, after complete curing |
| Category of use¹⁾ | Type Z ₂ in accordance with EAD 350454-00-1104 |
| Recoatable²⁾ | Yes |
| Installation from 1 side possible | Yes |
| Air and smoke tight | S _a and S ₂₀₀ compliant NEN 6075 |
| Acoustic properties | 12mm depth + 15mm backing: R _{s,w} (C;C _{tr}) = 54 (-3 ; -10) dB and R _{s,max,w} (C;C _{tr}) = 58 (-5 ; -13) dB |
| Fire class | E in accordance with EN 13501-1 |
| VOC content | 12 g/L |
| Approvals | ETA 23/0060 |
| Compatibility | Suitable for use with most materials, but should not be used in direct contact with bituminous materials. |
| Function retention | 30 years |

¹⁾ Permissible environmental conditions

Conduit seal for use in conditions with < 85% RV, protected from temperatures below 0 °C, and without exposure to rain and/or UV (TR 024, type Z₂)

²⁾ Recoatable

Mulcol® Multimastic SP can be painted with most emulsion or alkyd (gloss) paints.

2. Acoustic properties

The same or higher sound insulation can be achieved with a deeper or double-sided seal. The sound insulation value only applies to the sealant and not to other elements in the building structure.

✓ With one-sided seal 12 mm deep, without backing: Rw 54 dB

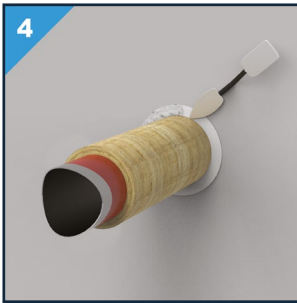
3. Installation Manual

1



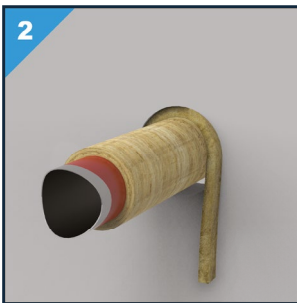
Make sure that the service penetration and the gap are free from dust, dirt and grease. Moisten the structure, if necessary.

4



Smooth the joint with a damp spatula or filler knife.

2



If backing is applied, cut it slightly wider than the gap width and make sure that it is applied to the correct depth in the structure.

5



Fill in the conformity statement and paste it next to the fireproof seal.

3



Apply Multimastic SP generously in the gap to prevent air bubbles.



For use and for more information about an application, refer to the Mulcol documentation, local and international approvals.

See the **Mulcol Fire Protection app** for the correct application in combination with fire resistance, or use our **selector** at www.mulcol.com.

4. Consumption tables

Per cartridge of 310 ml

| Joint width | 10 mm | 15 mm | 20 mm | 25 mm | 30 mm | 40 mm | 50 mm | 60 mm | 80 mm | 100 mm |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Joint depth 12.5 mm | 2.45 m ¹ | 1.65 m ¹ | 1.20 m ¹ | 1.00 m ¹ | 0.80 m ¹ | 0.60 m ¹ | 0.50 m ¹ | 0.40 m ¹ | 0.30 m ¹ | 0.25 m ¹ |
| Joint depth 15 mm | 2.05 m ¹ | 1.35 m ¹ | 1.00 m ¹ | 0.80 m ¹ | 0.65 m ¹ | 0.50 m ¹ | 0.40 m ¹ | 0.30 m ¹ | 0.25 m ¹ | 0.20 m ¹ |
| Joint depth 25 mm | 1.20 m ¹ | 0.80 m ¹ | 0.60 m ¹ | 0.50 m ¹ | 0.40 m ¹ | 0.30 m ¹ | 0.25 m ¹ | 0.20 m ¹ | 0.15 m ¹ | 0.10 m ¹ |

5. Pipe Insulation (Configuration)

Insulations serve different functions and can therefore be arranged around pipes in different manners. This must be taken into account when applying fire stopping seals on these pipes.

Possible configurations are shown below:

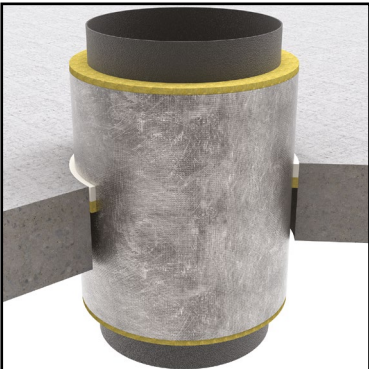
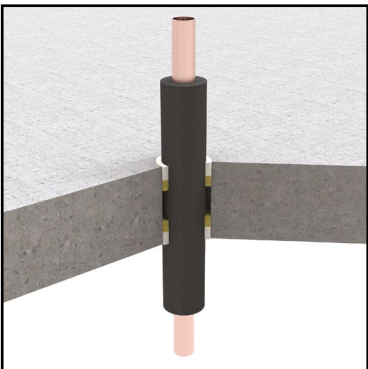
| Continued insulation | | Local insulation | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Continued sustained | Continued interrupted | Local sustained | Local interrupted |
| | | | |

6. Permitted Insulation Materials

Multimastic SP Firestop foaming mastic have been extensively tested with various insulation materials; the table below shows the permitted insulation materials. For principle details, refer to the Multiselector and our test reports: ETA 21/0110 and ETA 16/0120.

| Insulation types | Pipe types | Permitted ¹⁾ |
|---|--|--|
| Stone wool insulation <i>Fire class A1, in accordance with EN 13501-1</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Copper pipes✓ (Stainless) steel pipes✓ Cast iron pipes | <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Rockwool, min. 80 kg / m³ or equal |
| Elastomeric insulation <i>Brandklasse BL-s1,d0 to D-s3,d0 or DL-s3,d0 in accordance with EN 13501-1</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ (Stainless) steel pipes✓ Cast iron pipes✓ Fibre composite pipes✓ Multilayer pipes | <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ ArmaFlex AF (EVO) / XG / SH / NH / HT / Ultima✓ Kaiflex KK Plus S1 / S2 / ST / HT✓ K-Flex EC (AD) / ST / SK / SRC (Eco)✓ Of gelijkwaardig |

¹⁾ Insulation materials must have at least the same fire class as tested in accordance with EN 13501-1.



7. Performance

Always consult ETA 23/0060 for the appropriate application and classification.

Service in lightweight partition walls, solid walls and floors

| Type of Services | Size Ø [mm] | Insulation type | Construction | | | | Classification minutes |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------|
| | | | LSW-100 | MW-100 | MW-150 | MV-150 | |
| Plastic pipes | ≤ 32 | n.vt. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ≤ EI 120-U/C |
| | | | | | ✓ | | ≤ EI 240-U/C |
| | ≤ 50 | | | | | ✓ | |
| Plastic pipes with cable(s) | ≤ 40 | | | | | ✓ | |
| Multilayer pipes | ≤ 75 | Rock wool | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ≤ EI 90-C/U |
| | ≤ 20 | Rock wool | | | ✓ | | ≤ EI 240-U/C |
| | ≤ 75 | Armaflex Protect | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ≤ EI 120-U/C |
| Copper, cast iron and steel pipes | ≤ 15 | n.vt. | | | | ✓ | ≤ EI 240-U/C |
| | ≤ 26,9 | Multimastic SP | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ≤ EI 90-C/U |
| | ≤ 60,3 | Multimastic SP | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ≤ EI 60-C/U |
| | | Multimastic SP | | | | ✓ | ≤ EI 120-U/C |
| | ≤ 114,3 | Glass wool | | | | ✓ | ≤ EI 90-C/U |
| | ≤ 219 | Glass wool | | | | ✓ | ≤ EI 60-C/U |
| | ≤ 324 | Rock wool | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ≤ EI 120-U/C |
| | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ≤ EI 240-U/C |

Cables and cable trays in lightweight and solid partition walls and floors

| Type of Services | Coating | | | Wall | | Floor | Classification minutes |
|---|------------|---|--|--------|--------|--------|------------------------|
| | No Coating | Length 50 mm $\geq 1 \text{ mm}^{(1)}$ Multimastic C | Length 150 mm $\geq 1.5 \text{ mm}^{(1)}$ Multimastic C | FW-100 | MW-100 | MV-150 | |
| Cable ladders, (un) perforated (wire) trays | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 60$ |
| | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 120$ |
| | | | | | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 240$ |
| Cables $\leq \varnothing 21 \text{ mm}$ | ✓ | | | | | ✓ | $\leq \text{EI } 180$ |
| Cables $\leq \varnothing 50 \text{ mm}$ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 120$ |
| Cables $\leq \varnothing 80 \text{ mm}$ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 90$ |
| Cable bundles $\leq \varnothing 100 \text{ mm}$ | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | $\leq \text{EI } 60$ |
| Cables $\leq \varnothing 80 \text{ mm}$, bundles $\leq \varnothing 100 \text{ mm}$ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 120$ |
| | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 90$ |
| Cables without sheathing $\leq \varnothing 24 \text{ mm}$ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 45$ |
| | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 60$ |
| Plastic pipes $\leq \varnothing 16 \text{ mm}$ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 120$ |
| | | | | | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 180$ |
| Copper pipes $\leq \varnothing 16 \text{ mm}$ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 45$ |
| Steel pipes $\leq \varnothing 16 \text{ mm}$ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 60$ |
| | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | $\leq \text{EI } 90$ |

Wet layer thickness⁽¹⁾

Blank seal in lightweight partition walls, solid walls and floors

| Type of Services | Seal size [mm] | Construction | | | | Classification minutes |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|------------------------|
| | | LSW-100 | MW-100 | MW-150 | MV-150 | |
| n.v.t. | ≤ 187,5 x 187,5 | ✓ | ✓ | | | ≤ EI 120 |
| | ≤ 375 x 375 | | | ✓ | | |
| | ≤ 150 x 150 | | | | ✓ | ≤ EI 240 |

LSW-100: Lightweight partition wall, thickness 100 mm
MW-100: Solid wall, thickness 100 mm
MW-150: Solid wall, thickness 150 mm
MV-150: Solid floor, thickness 150 mm

8. Actually tested solutions

All the latest tested solutions with the Multisealant GR can be found in our **Multiselector**. Scan the QR code or press the Multiselector button to get directly to the tested solution for your project.

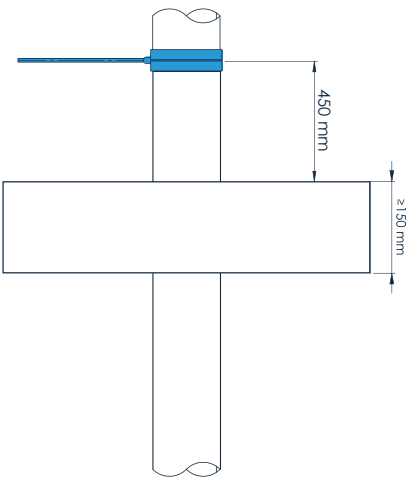
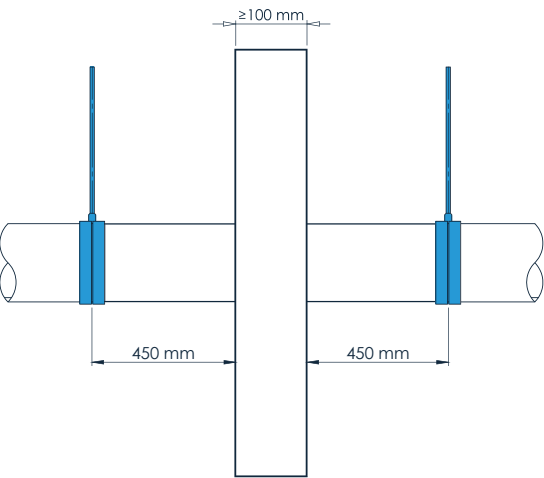


Our **Multiselector** can also be found in our **Mulcol Fire Protection App**. It can be downloaded from the **App Store** (iOS) or **Google Play Store** (Android).



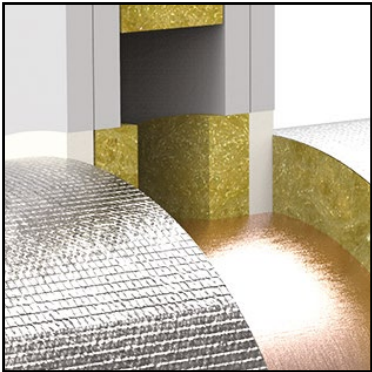
9. Pipe Support Penetrations

For pipes, the first bracket must be fitted at ≤ 450 mm from the fire separation, with cables and cable trays at ≤ 250 mm. For floors, the first bracket should be fitted at a distance of ≤ 450 mm from the top of the floor, for cables and cable trays at ≤ 250 mm.



10. Joint Seals through Flexible Walls, Rigid Walls and Floors

Seams around pipe penetrations, whether with insulation or not, can be finished with Multimastic SP mastic to prevent the passage of smoke and hot gases to adjacent fire compartments. Depending on the type of penetration, either no backfilling, a rock-wool backfilling or Multitherm Backing will suffice.. For more information see ETA report 23/0060.



11. Test Configuration

Introduction

The test configuration determines the application of plastic pipes. Before testing a pipeline type, the intended use of the pipeline must be considered. Where will it be used in practice? Standard EN 1366-3 sets requirements in this regard. The end of the pipe must be capped or uncapped, based on this. See the test configuration in table 1 and 2.

In a test, the conditions to which the pipeline and the sealing system are exposed to are determined by asking whether one or both pipe ends are capped in practice. The pressure and flowrate of hot gases will be different in a pipe that is in contact with the outside air than in a capped pipe. It is important to ensure that the sealing system is tested under appropriate conditions.

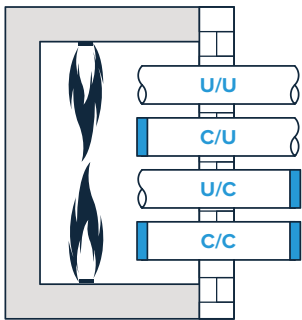


Table 1 - Test configuration plastic pipes

| Test setup | Pipe end | | Permitted use | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | In the oven | Outside the oven | U/U | C/U | U/C | C/C |
| U/U | Uncapped | Uncapped | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| C/U | Capped | Uncapped | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| U/C | Uncapped | Capped | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ |
| C/C | Capped | Capped | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ |

Table 2 - Test configuration metal pipes

| Test setup | Pipe end | | Permitted use | | |
|------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|-----|-----|
| | In the oven | Outside the oven | U/C | C/U | C/C |
| U/C * | Uncapped | Capped | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| C/U | Capped | Uncapped | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ |
| C/C | Capped | Capped | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ |

* U/C tested and therefore U/U is covered

Plastic Pipes

Table H.1 shows a few examples of types of pipes and the intended use, where the end of the pipe is capped or uncapped. The table does not take all possible applications into account. The choice of whether to close the end or leave it open depends on a number of aspects: is the system under pressure and it is ventilated or unventilated? Consider the intended use of the pipe to determine whether it should be capped or left uncapped. If national regulations set different requirements than those contained in table H1, follow the regulations.

Table H.1 - Plastic Pipe Test Configuration per Application

| Type of pipe | Pipe end | | Test setup |
|---|-------------|------------------|------------|
| | In the oven | Outside the oven | |
| Rainwater drainage | Uncapped | Uncapped | U/U |
| Sewage, Ventilated | Uncapped | Uncapped | U/U |
| Sewage, Unventilated | Uncapped | Capped | U/C |
| Gas pipe, drinking water pipe, hot water pipe | Uncapped | Capped | U/C |

There is no application for a plastic pipe penetration with a test classification of C/U or C/C, according to table H.1 from EN 1366-3.

Metal Pipes

Metal pipes will normally be closed in the furnace as no open end is to be expected in the event of a fire, this due to the melting away of metal. Herewith is assumed that the suspension system remains in place. If the pipes are supported by a non fire resistant suspension system or are waste disposal shafts, the pipes are not sealed in the furnace, as shown in Table H.2.

Table H.2 - Test Configuration Metal Pipe by Application

| Type of pipe | Construction | | Test setup |
|---|--------------|------------------|------------|
| | In the oven | Outside the oven | |
| Supported by a fire resistant ^a suspension | Capped | Uncapped | C/U |
| Supported by a non fire resistant suspension system | Uncapped | Capped | U/C |
| Shafts for waste disposal | Uncapped | Capped | U/C |

^aconfirmed by testing or calculations (e.g. Eurocodes)

12. Building Element Properties

Flexible walls

The minimum wall thickness must be 75 mm and the wall must consist of steel or timber studs* with at least 1 layer of cladding on both sides with a thickness of 12.5 mm.

Rigid walls

The minimum wall thickness is 75 mm and the wall must consist of concrete, aerated concrete or brickwork, with a minimum density of 650 kg/m³ or wood (CLT) with a minimum density of 400 kg / m³.

Rigid floors

The minimum floor thickness is 150 mm and the floor must consist of concrete or aerated concrete, with a minimum density of 650 kg/m³. or wood (CLT) with a minimum thickness of 140 mm and a density of 400 kg / m³.

**There must be a minimum distance of 100 mm from each part of the conduit seal to a timber stud and the gap between the conduit seal and the stud must be capped. The cavity between the conduit seal and the stud must have at least 100 mm class A1 or A2 insulation (according to EN 13501-1).*

The support structure must be classified in accordance with EN 13501-2 for the specified fire resistance.

13. Available Documents

Technical documents available

- ✓ Product Data Sheet (PDS)
- ✓ Technical Data Sheet (TDS)
- ✓ Safety Data Sheet (SDS)
- ✓ Installation Manual
- ✓ CE certificate
- ✓ Emission reports
- ✓ Acoustic report

Approvals

- ✓ Tested in accordance with EN 1366-3
- ✓ Classification in accordance with EN 13501-2
- ✓ Certified in accordance with EAD 350454-00-1104
- ✓ ETA report 23/0060
- ✓ Declaration of Performance (DoP)

The above documents are available from your Mulcol contact or via www.mulcol.com



For help in finding the right fire-stopping finish for penetrations, see our **Multiselector** at www.mulcol.com or download the **Mulcol Fire Protection App** in the **App Store** (iOS) or **Google Play Store** (Android).



For the digital registration of firestopping in your buildings, you can use the **Mulcol Data Manager** free of charge. For registration on site, use our **Mulcol Fire Protection App**.



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